

# 1

# On screen

## Objectives

<b>Vocabulary</b>	Film types; TV programmes
<b>Grammar</b>	Present simple; question words; <i>there is / there are</i> ; adverbs of frequency
<b>Speaking</b>	Talking about likes and dislikes
<b>Writing</b>	A review; capital letters and punctuation

## Vocabulary

### Film types

1



1.06

Listen and repeat the words. Match them with pictures 1–6. What film type can't you see?

action • adventure • animated • comedy • fantasy • horror • musical • romantic comedy • science-fiction • thriller • war • western

1



2



3



4



5



6



2

Write one example of a film for each film type in exercise 1.

3



1.07

Listen to Jake and Isabel. What are their favourite film types?

4



In pairs, ask and answer questions about your favourite film types.

What are your favourite film types?

I love horror films and adventure films.



### Forum discussion

## Mehmet's Movie Blog

### Movie questionnaire

Hi everyone! Today's post is all about film-watching habits. How often do you watch films? Where do you watch them? What types of film do you like? Why do you decide to watch a film? I want to know!

Mehmet

50 minutes ago



### 4 responses to 'Mehmet's Movie Blog'

I usually watch films on my computer and on my smartphone. I hardly ever go to the cinema because it's expensive. I like science-fiction and fantasy films with good special effects, but I hate 3D.

Rudy

44 minutes ago

I sometimes go to the cinema with my friends. We like thrillers, horror films and romantic comedies, but we often **choose** a film because we like the actors. We go to a cinema that has eight **screens** at my local shopping centre.

Katy

42 minutes ago



I always watch films on my dad's tablet. I love action and adventure films but I like all film types except musicals. Oh, and I don't like westerns much.

Mike

36 minutes ago

I never watch films. I prefer television, especially comedies and sports programmes. My brother watches films all the time. His favourite is *The Hobbit*. He watches it once a week!

Eliza

29 minutes ago



### 1 Read the text quickly and choose the best title.

- a) New films at the cinema
- b) Teenagers and their favourite films
- c) Film-watching habits

2



1.08

### Read and listen. Who says these things? Write the names in your notebook.

My favourite film types are science-fiction and fantasy.

Rudy

- 1 I don't like musicals but I like all other film types.
- 2 I don't watch films, I only watch TV.
- 3 My friends and I like watching our favourite actors.
- 4 He watches *The Hobbit* all the time!
- 5 I really don't like 3D films.

## i All Clear Facts

British teenagers go to the cinema more often when they are 13 and 14. This is because when they are 15, they have to pay the adult price.

3

### Read the text again. Answer the questions.

- 1 What is Mehmet's blog post about today?
- 2 Why does Rudy hardly ever go to the cinema?
- 3 Who does Katy go to the cinema with?
- 4 Where does Mike watch films?
- 5 What types of TV programmes does Eliza watch?

## Present simple

Affirmative	Negative	Interrogative	Short answers
I like	I don't like	Do I like ... ?	Yes, I do.
He / She / It likes	He / She / It doesn't like	Does he / she / it like ... ?	No, he / she / it doesn't.
We / You / They like	We / You / They don't like	Do we / you / they like ... ?	Yes, we do.

### 1 Write the correct words in your notebook.

- 1 My sister **choose** / **chooses** a film because she likes the actors.
- 2 You **put** / **puts** films on your tablet.
- 3 We **like** / **likes** romantic comedies.
- 4 My friends **use** / **uses** their phones to watch films.

### 2 Write the sentences in exercise 1 in the negative form.

### 3 Write complete sentences. Use the present simple.

Isabel / enjoy / science-fiction films.

*Isabel enjoys science-fiction films.*

- 1 She / not like / fantasy films very much.
- 2 Jake and I / not like / musicals.
- 3 Her brother / buy / film magazines and Isabel / read / the film reviews.
- 4 They / love / westerns, but I / hate / them.

### 4 Order the words to make questions. Then write answers so they are true for you.

like / Do / 3D films / you / ?

*Do you like 3D films?*

- 1 your best friend / watch / Does / films / on a computer / ?
- 2 film magazines / Do / read / you / ?
- 3 your classmates / old films / enjoy / Do / ?
- 4 prefer / you / films or TV series / Do / ?



## Question words

### Question words

**What** is your favourite film type?

**Where** do you watch TV?

**When** do you go to the cinema?

**Who** is your favourite film director?

**Why** do you like science-fiction films?

**How often** do you watch films?

### 5 Write the correct words in your notebook.

- 1 **Who** / **What** is your favourite film?
- 2 **Where** / **Who** do you watch films?
- 3 **Who** / **When** is your favourite actress?
- 4 **Why** / **What** do you like going to the cinema with your friends?
- 5 **How often** / **Who** does your friend go to the cinema?

### 6 Match questions 1–5 in exercise 5 with answers a–e in your notebook.

- a) I usually watch films at home.
- b) Jennifer Lawrence.
- c) Because it's fun.
- d) She never goes to the cinema.
- e) The first film in *The Hunger Games* trilogy.

### 7 Ask and answer the questions in exercise 5.

What is your favourite film?

My favourite film is *Avatar*.



## there is / there are

8 Complete the sentences with *there is* or *there are*.

- 1 In London ... a cinema called the Electric. It opened in 1911!
- 2 ... three *The Lord of the Rings* films.
- 3 I like cinemas because ... drinks, sweets and popcorn.
- 4 I don't like cinemas because ... a lot of noise.
- 5 I like science-fiction films because ... some great special effects.

## Adverbs of frequency

Adverbs of frequency	
0%	She <b>never</b> watches films.
	I <b>hardly ever</b> go to the cinema.
	She <b>sometimes</b> goes to the cinema.
	They <b>often</b> choose a film because of the actors.
	You <b>usually</b> watch films on your tablet.
100%	He is <b>always</b> on his computer.

### i All Clear Rules

Use *there is* for uncountable nouns and singular countable nouns:

*There's good ice cream at my local cinema.*

*There's an IMAX cinema in my city.*

Use *there are* for plural countable nouns:

*There are seven screens at the cinema.*

### i All Clear Rules

Adverbs of frequency go before the main verb and after the verb *be* and auxiliary verbs.

9 Write the sentences with the verbs and adverbs of frequency in brackets.

Our class survey says that:

- 1 Students ... (never / use) films to help with their homework.
- 2 They ... (always / choose) a variety of films online.
- 3 Their favourite types ... (usually / be) action films and comedy.
- 4 Boys ... (often / go) to the cinema on Thursdays.
- 5 Students ... (hardly ever / copy) DVDs because it's illegal.

10 Complete the dialogue with the correct form of the verbs in brackets.

Josh How often <sup>(1)</sup>... you ... (watch) films?

Liz Oh, two or three times a week. <sup>(2)</sup>... you ... (like) documentaries?

Josh No, I don't. I <sup>(3)</sup>... (prefer) science-fiction. <sup>(4)</sup>... you ... (like) science-fiction films?

Liz They're OK. <sup>(5)</sup>... you ... (have got) a favourite film?

Josh I'm not sure. *Avatar* <sup>(6)</sup>... (be) good.

Liz Who <sup>(7)</sup>... (be) the director?

Josh James Cameron. He's also the director of *Titanic*.

How about you? What <sup>(8)</sup>... (be) your favourite film?

Liz *The Ring*.

Josh Oh no! I <sup>(9)</sup>... (not like) horror films.

## All Clear Grammar

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

11




1.09

Listen and check your answers.



# Vocabulary

## TV programmes

- 1  Listen and repeat the words. How do you say them in your language?

cartoon • chat show • comedy • documentary • drama • game show • reality show • soap opera • sports programme • the news

- 2 Match pictures 1–6 with the programmes in exercise 1. Which programmes are not in the pictures?



- 3 Write sentences about your favourite TV programmes using the words in exercise 1.


*My favourite cartoon is ...*

- 4  In pairs, ask and answer questions about your favourite TV programmes.

What's your favourite cartoon?

It's .... What about you?

## Listening

- 5  Listen to the news report. Do teenagers watch more hours of TV than their parents?

- 6 Listen again. Write true or false in your notebook.

- 1 Parents usually watch TV for about three hours a day.
- 2 Teenagers prefer computers and phones to television.
- 3 Young people usually watch TV on their computers.
- 4 More than half of young teenagers have a computer in their bedroom.
- 5 Teenagers often sleep for only four hours.



# Speaking

## Talking about likes and dislikes / Talking about films

### Model Dialogue



Tim

What film do you want to see?

I can't stand them. What about *Dark Summer*? It's a *horror* film.

I don't mind science-fiction. What do you think of animated films?

Let's see *The Lego Movie*!

Suzie



I want to see *About Last Night*. I like *romantic comedies*.

I don't like horror films. They're awful. How about *Tomorrowland*? Do you like *science-fiction*?

I really like them. They're great.

Good idea.

1



Listen to the dialogue. Which film do Tim and Suzie decide to see?

2

Listen again and repeat the dialogue.

3

Write complete sentences. Use *really like* 😊😊, *like* 😊, *don't mind* 😊, *don't like* ☹️ or *can't stand* ☹️☹️.

I / 😊 / romantic comedies. *I don't mind romantic comedies.*

1 My friends / 😊😊 / horror films.

2 My dad / ☹️☹️ / animated films.

3 We / 😊 / going to the cinema.

4 My teacher / ☹️ / watching films on TV.

### Speaking Task

#### 1 Talk about films

Look at the film posters and choose a film.

#### 2 Prepare a dialogue

Look at the Model Dialogue and change the words in *blue*.

#### 3 Speak

In pairs, practise your dialogue.



What film do you want to see?

I want to see *Mr Funnyman*. I like comedies.

### Useful Language Talking about likes and dislikes

I like romantic comedies.

I don't like horror films. They're awful.

I really like them.

I can't stand them.

I don't mind science-fiction.

They're great.



## A review

**1**  1.13 Read the Model Text and listen. Then answer the questions in your notebook.

- 1 What is Sophie's favourite TV programme?
- 2 What type of programme is it?
- 3 What is it about?
- 4 Why does she like it?

### Model Text



My favourite TV programme is *The Big Bang Theory*, an American comedy programme. It's on television on Sundays, but I often watch the repeats online.

*The Big Bang Theory* is about two scientists called Sheldon and Leonard and a waitress called Penny. I really like this programme because the characters always do funny things. I recommend this programme because it has a lot of intelligent comedy.

Sophie, 14



**2** Look at the All Clear Tips. Find examples of 1–5 in the Model Text.

### **i** All Clear Tips Capital letters and punctuation

Use capital letters:

- 1) at the beginning of all sentences
- 2) for the subject pronoun 'I'
- 3) for names and places
- 4) for countries, languages and nationalities
- 5) for days and months.

Punctuation includes full stops (.) and question marks (?).

**3** Rewrite the sentences with capital letters and punctuation.

- 1 *eastenders* is a british soap opera
- 2 do you like sports programmes
- 3 my dad and i often watch a game show on saturdays
- 4 my favourite actor in the programme is jim parsons
- 5 what is your favourite TV programme

### Writing Task



#### 1 Plan

Make notes to write a review about your favourite TV programme and include:

Type of programme ... *is a Spanish drama* ...

When you watch it *I (often) watch it on* ...

What it's about *It's about* ...

Why you like it ... *because* ...

Why you recommend it ... *because* ...

#### 2 Write

Use the Model Text, your notes and this structure:

**Paragraph 1** The programme, when you watch it

**Paragraph 2** Characters, why you like it, give a recommendation

#### 3 Check

- ☒ present simple
- ☒ adverbs of frequency
- ☒ vocabulary for TV programmes
- ☒ capital letters and punctuation



## FILM AWARDS

The Academy Awards are the most famous film industry awards in the English-speaking world. They are for actors, directors, writers and other people in the film industry. The winners receive a gold statue called an Oscar.

The Academy Awards ceremony occurs once a year in late February or early March at a theatre in Hollywood, in the USA. The ceremony is always on television. Every year, thousands of people wait outside the theatre because they want to see their favourite actors. The actors often pose for photos and talk with the public.

The British equivalent of the Oscars is the British Academy of Film and Television Arts Awards, or BAFTAs. Winners of the British award win a gold mask.



Oscar



BAFTA



1.14

Read and listen. Then answer the questions in your notebook.

- 1 What do the winners of the Academy Awards receive?
- 2 When is the Oscar ceremony?
- 3 What is the British equivalent of the Oscars?
- 4 What do the winners of the BAFTAs receive?

Is there a film awards ceremony in your country? What is it called?

### Pronunciation

/e/, /u:/ and /a/

a



1.15

Read and listen to the words.

/e/	director	ceremony	every
/u:/	statue	who	blue
/a/	writer	why	like

b Listen again and repeat.



# Unit 1 Language Reference

## Vocabulary Film types



action / horror / war



action / western



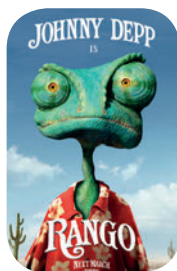
adventure / science-fiction / thriller



romantic comedy



adventure / fantasy



animated / comedy



musical

**TV programmes** cartoon chat show comedy documentary drama game show  
reality show soap opera sports programme the news

## Grammar Present simple

Affirmative	Negative	Interrogative	Short answers
I / You <b>love</b> films.	I / You <b>do not like</b> war films.	<b>Do</b> I / you <b>like</b> films?	Yes, I <b>do</b> .
He / She / It <b>loves</b> films.	He / She / It <b>does not like</b> films.	<b>Does</b> he / she / it <b>like</b> films?	No, she <b>doesn't</b> .
We / You / They <b>love</b> films.	We / You / They <b>do not like</b> films.	<b>Do</b> we / you / they <b>like</b> films?	Yes, we <b>do</b> .

## Question words

Question words	
<b>What's</b> your name?	My name's David.
<b>Where</b> are you from?	I'm from Seville.
<b>When's</b> your birthday?	It's in March.
<b>Who's</b> Lucy?	She's my cousin.
<b>Why</b> are you happy?	It's my birthday.
<b>How often</b> do you buy DVDs?	I never buy them.

Adverbs of frequency	
0%	never
	hardly ever
	sometimes
	often
	usually
100%	always

## Speaking Likes and dislikes

I **like** romantic comedies.  
I **don't like** horror films. They're awful.  
I **really like** them.

I **can't stand** them.  
I **don't mind** science-fiction.  
They're great.

# Unit 1 Progress Check

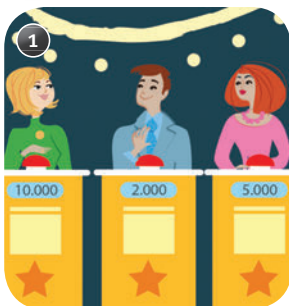
## Vocabulary Film types

1 Order the letters then write the film types in your notebook.

- 1 tedmiana
- 2 eenrstw
- 3 aafnsty
- 4 niotac
- 5 ehllrrt

## TV programmes

2 Write the types of TV programme.



## Grammar Present simple

3 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in brackets.

- 1 I ... (love) film awards ceremonies.
- 2 He ... (get) DVDs at the weekend.
- 3 My parents ... (not go) to the cinema.
- 4 He ... (not download) films.
- 5 ... you ... (watch) much TV during the week?

## Question words

4 Complete the questions with the words in the box.

how when where who why

- 1 ... do you watch TV, in the morning or in the evening?
- 2 ...'s your favourite actor?
- 3 ... do you like him / her?
- 4 ... often do you watch cartoons?
- 5 ... do you do your homework?

## Adverbs of frequency

5 Order the words to make sentences.

- 1 often / am / tired / on Mondays / I / .
- 2 the cinema / We / twice a month / go to / .
- 3 the internet / hardly ever / My dad / uses / .
- 4 goes / My uncle / always / at night / for a walk / .
- 5 watch / every day / I / sports programmes / .

## Check your answers

Write your scores for exercises 1–5 in your notebook. What did you get for:

- film types?
- TV programmes?
- present simple?
- question words?
- adverbs of frequency?

## Extra Practice

If you need extra practice, go to:

- Unit 1 Grammar Reference
- Unit 1 Vocabulary Reference
- Unit 1 Grammar Exercises
- Unit 1 Vocabulary Exercises

**All Clear  
Self-Check** ✓



Extra Practice

## Starter Unit

### Clothes Одяг

**boots** /bʊts/ черевики  
**dress** /dres/ сукня  
**jacket** /'dʒækɪt/ піджак, жакет  
**jeans** /dʒiːnz/ джинси  
**jumper** /'dʒʌmpə(r)/ джемпер  
**sandals** /'sænd(ə)ls/ босоніжки, сандалі  
**shirt** /ʃɜː(r)t/ сорочка  
**shoes** /ʃuːz/ взуття  
**skirt** /skɜː(r)t/ спідниця  
**trainers** /'treɪnə(r)z/ кросівки  
**T-shirt** /'tiː,ʃɜː(r)t/ футболка

### School subjects Шкільні предмети

**art** /ɑː(r)t/ мистецтво  
**drama** /'draːmə/ драматичне мистецтво  
**English** /'ɪŋɡlɪʃ/ англійська мова  
**French** /frentʃ/ французька мова  
**geography** /dʒiː'ɒɡrəfi/ географія  
**history** /'hɪst(ə)ri/ історія  
**ICT (information and communication technology)** /,aɪ sɪ 'tiː/ ІКТ (інформаційно-комунікаційні технології)  
**literature** /'lɪtrətʃə(r)/ література  
**maths** /mæθs/ математика  
**music** /'mjuːzɪk/ музика  
**PE (physical education)** /,piː 'iː/ фізкультура (фізичне виховання)  
**science** /'saɪəns/ природничі науки

### Family Сім'я

**aunt** /ɑːnt/ тітка  
**brother** /'brʌðə(r)/ брат  
**cousin** /'kʌz(ə)n/ двоюрідний брат/сестра  
**daughter** /'dɔːtə(r)/ дочка  
**father** /'fɑːðə(r)/ батько  
**grandad** /'græn(d),dæd/ дідусь  
**grandmother** /'græn(d),mʌðə(r)/ бабуся  
**husband** /'hʌzbənd/ чоловік  
**mother** /'mʌðə(r)/ мати  
**nephew** /'nefjuː/ племінник  
**niece** /niːs/ племінниця  
**sister** /'sɪstə(r)/ сестра  
**son** /sʌn/ син

**uncle** /'ʌŋk(ə)l/ дядько

**wife** /waɪf/ дружина

## Unit 1

### Film types Жанри фільмів

**action** /'ækʃ(ə)n/ бойовик  
**adventure** /əd'ventʃə(r)/ пригодницький  
**animated** /'æni'meɪtɪd/ анімаційний  
**fantasy** /'fæntəsi/ фентезі  
**horror** /'hɒrə(r)/ фільм жахів  
**musical** /'mjuːzɪk(ə)l/ мюзикл  
**romantic comedy** /rəʊ'mæntɪk 'kɒmədi/ романтична комедія  
**science-fiction** /'saɪəns 'fɪkʃ(ə)n/ науково-фантастичний фільм  
**thriller** /'θrɪlə(r)/ трилер  
**war** /wɔː(r)/ фільм про війну  
**western** /'westə(r)n/ вестерн  
**movie** /'muːvi/ кінофільм  
**choose** /tʃuːz/ вибрати  
**screens** /skriːnz/ екрани

### TV programmes Телевізійні програми

**cartoon** /kɑː(r)'tuːn/ мультфільм  
**chat show** /'tʃæt,ʃəʊ/ ток-шоу  
**comedy** /'kɒmədi/ комедія  
**documentary** /,dɒkjʊ'ment(ə)ri/ документальний фільм  
**drama** /'draːmə/ драма  
**game show** /'geɪm ,ʃəʊ/ телевізійна гра, ігрове шоу  
**reality show** /ri'æləti ,ʃəʊ/ реаліті-шоу  
**soap opera** /'səʊp ,ɒp(ə)rə/ мелодраматичний серіал, «мильна опера»  
**sports programme** /'spɔː(r)ts ,prəʊgræm/ спортивна програма  
**(the) news** /,(ðə) 'njuːz/ новини

## Unit 2

### Outdoor activities Активний відпочинок

**build** /bɪld/ будувати  
**camp** /kæmp/ жити в наметі  
**chop** /tʃɒp/ рубати  
**climb** /klaɪm/ лізти, сходити підніматися (на гору)  
**cook** /kʊk/ готувати (їжу)  
**find** /faɪnd/ знаходити