## [1] <br> My interests

Beference \&s sifills
Grammar Reference, pages 66-7
Vocabulary Reference, page 84
Culture: Reading \& Listening, page 93
Writing Guide, pages 102-3
Speaking, page 120

## Vocabulary

Free-time activities
(1) $\star$

Look at the pictures and complete the words with vowels and the letter $y$.

$\mathrm{ch} \underset{\mathrm{a}}{\mathrm{a}} \mathrm{t}$ $\underline{o n l \underline{i} n \underline{e}}$

6


1 r__l x x



4 g
$2 \mathrm{pl} \quad \mathrm{y}$ t__nn $\qquad$ s

t th $\qquad$ m
 $\mathrm{pl}_{\mathrm{n}}^{\mathrm{nstr}} \mathrm{y} \__{\mathrm{m}}^{\mathrm{m}}{ }_{\mathrm{n}}^{\mathrm{n}} \mathrm{nt}$ nt

39
$\qquad$

$5 \mathrm{~g} \quad \mathrm{t} \quad \mathrm{Z} \quad \mathrm{h}$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
_nstr__ n

7 g $\qquad$
$\qquad$ t

m $\qquad$ -
$d_{\ldots} \quad \mathrm{nc} \_\mathrm{ng}$


## Character adjectives

4. Find 12 character adjectives in the wordsquare.

| E | U | F | C | A | U | T | I | O | U | S |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N | N | R | S | E | L | F | I | S | H | T |
| E | S | I | T | W | J | C | A | Y | S | O |
| R | O | E | E | Y | U | O | U | Q | V | S |
| G | C | N | F | U | N | N | Y | U | M | E |
| E | I | D | C | L | O | F | Q | I | O | R |
| T | A | L | K | A | T | I | V | E | N | I |
| I | B | Y | M | Z | U | D | K | T | J | O |
| C | L | E | I | Y | Q | E | O | A | C | U |
| P | E | F | C | A | I | N | D | W | I | S |
| H | O | N | E | S | T | T | E | S | H | Y |

(5) **

Complete the sentences with the words in brackets.
$\qquad$ people are sometimes frightened of new people. Confident people aren't frightened of new people or new situations. (confident / shy)
1 $\qquad$ people love chatting.
$\qquad$ people don't make a lot of noise. (talkative / quiet)
2 $\qquad$ people don't make a lot of friends. $\qquad$ people are kind and helpful to others. (friendly / unsociable)
3 $\qquad$ people think a lot.
$\qquad$ people make you smile and laugh. (funny / serious)

4 $\qquad$ people tell the truth and do the right thing. $\qquad$ people tell lies. (dishonest / honest)

5 $\qquad$ people don't like helping others. $\qquad$ people give expensive presents. (generous / selfish) 6 $\qquad$ dangerous sports and don't try new things. people like to try new and
exciting things. (adventurous / cautious)
6. $\star^{\star}$ Read the sentences. Then write the words.

```
adventurous energetic friendly
generous lazy talkative
```

He's going around the world in a balloon at the moment.
adventurous
1 Ilie on the sofa and watch TV. My mum and dad do all the work in the house.

2 Let's go swimming this morning. Then we can cook lunch for our friends. After that we can go jogging.

3 Nice to meet you. Would you like to come to the beach with a group of us next weekend?

4 You don't need to pay. I'm buying dinner for everybody.

5 I'm always chatting on the phone in the evening.

## (7) $A^{+}$Complete the sentences for you.

 Iam _ energetic because I always go to the gym before school .1 Iam $\qquad$ because

2 My best friend is $\qquad$ and
$\qquad$ .

3 Our teacher is $\qquad$ and
$\qquad$ . He / She always

4 llike $\qquad$ people because
$\qquad$ .

## Grammar

## Present simple

1 *
Complete the sentences with the present simple form of the verbs in brackets.
drawing.
1 I $\qquad$ (play) computer games.
2 My mum $\qquad$ (relax) in the evening.


3 Elise $\qquad$ (not go) to the gym.
4 We $\qquad$ (not have) English on Mondays.


Complete the questions with the present simple form of the verbs in brackets. Then complete the short answers.
Do you play___ (play)
tennis on Fridays?
Yes,
$\qquad$ .
1 $\qquad$ your sister $\qquad$ (like) playing in the park? Yes, $\qquad$ .
2 $\qquad$ your brother $\qquad$ -
(play) a musical instrument? No,
3 $\qquad$ your friends $\qquad$ .
(go) to the youth centre at the weekend? No, $\qquad$ .

4 $\qquad$ we $\qquad$ (have)
English today?
Yes, $\qquad$ -.

## Adverbs of frequency

(3) Circle the correct words.

He is always tired/ tired always after work.
1 I never go / go never to the gym before school.
2 We usually do / do usually voluntary work on Fridays.
3 Jenny hardly ever is / is hardly ever tired.
4 They often are / are often late for school.
5 Alice sometimes goes / goes sometimes to guitar lessons.
$4 \star^{\star}$ Complete the sentences with the adverbs of frequency and the present simple form of the verbs in brackets.

Robert $\qquad$ always walks (always / walk) to school.
1 I $\qquad$ (usually / go)
dancing on Saturdays.
2 My parents $\qquad$
(hardly ever / be) late.
3 Archie $\qquad$ (always / do)
voluntary work.
4 We $\qquad$ (often / go) out
for a meal.
5 My friends $\qquad$
(never / make) models.
6 You $\qquad$
(sometimes / arrive) late for class.
(5) $t^{*}$

Complete the sentences for you. Use the adverbs of frequency in the box.

| always <br> often | hardly ever | never |
| :--- | :---: | ---: |

1 I $\qquad$ buy new clothes.
2 My mum and dad $\qquad$ play computer games.
3 My friends and I $\qquad$ play tennis.
4 I $\qquad$ do my homework on time.

## Present continuous

$6 \star$ Complete the sentences with the present continuous form of the verbs in brackets.

I_ 'm playing (play) computer games.
1 We $\qquad$ (go) to our music
lesson now.
2 My aunt $\qquad$ (not work) at the moment.
3 Emily $\qquad$ (draw) cartoons.
4 We $\qquad$ (not watch)
TV today.
5 You $\qquad$ (not eat) lunch at the moment.

## Time expressions

(7) $\star$ Circle the correct words.

My dad cooks /is cookingdinner at the moment.
1 My brother goes / is going to French classes twice a week.
2 I meet/am meeting my friends every day.
3 My mum often goes / is often going to the cinema with her friends.
4 | wear/'m wearing my sunglasses now.
5 Our teacher usually gives / is usually giving us homework.
6 We draw / 're drawing cartoons this week in art.

Complete the sentences with the present simple or present continuous form of the verbs in brackets.

We usually $\qquad$ have lunch in the kitchen, but today we $\qquad$ re having it on the balcony. (have)
1 She $\qquad$ jeans today. She usually $\qquad$ a skirt to work. (wear)
2 They usually $\qquad$ about films and music, but they
$\qquad$ about sport at the moment. (talk)
3 They $\qquad$ online
at the moment, but they usually
$\qquad$ on the phone.
(chat)
4 My sister always $\qquad$ TV in the living room. But today she's ill, so she it in bed. (watch)
51 $\qquad$ an email
to my cousin right now. I never
$\qquad$ letters to her.
(write)
6 Charlie usually happy at the weekend, but this weekend he
$\qquad$ stressed. (feel)

## Gerunds

## 9 ) Order the words to make sentences.

like / early / don't / getting / up / I .
I don't like getting up early.
1 enjoys / Everyone / presents / getting .

2 is / My / at / singing / sister / bad .

3 learning / Millie / on / is / English / keen .

4 taking / my / love / photos / / / friends / of .

5 are / museums / interested / visiting / My / in / parents.

Complete the sentences with the gerund form of the verbs in brackets.
 (sing).
3 He likes $\qquad$ (play) games.
4 I enjoy $\qquad$ (relax) in the garden.
5 She's bad at $\qquad$ (draw) cartoons.

Complete the questions with gerunds. Use your own ideas. Then write short answers for you.

1 Do you like ?

2 Are you keen on $\quad$ ?

3 Do your friends enjoy ?
$\qquad$

## Unit 1 Revision

## Dictation



Listen and write the sentences.
1 $\qquad$

2 $\qquad$

3 $\qquad$
$\qquad$
Error Correction

2 Correct the underlined errors. Rewrite the sentences.

Are you go swimming every Monday?
Do you go swimming every Monday?
1 You always are late for your guitar lessons.

2 Excuse me, l look for the train station.

3 I love dance at parties.
$\qquad$
(3)

Listen and check your answers.

## Translation

4 Translate the corrected sentences from exercise 2 into your language.

1

2 $\qquad$

3 $\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Unit 1 Grammar Check

5 Read the text and circle the correct answers.


Hi Alex,
${ }^{(1)}$... with my cousins in California at the moment. I $^{(2)}$... a great time. My cousins are very nice and we all like ${ }^{(3)}$... here together. Max ${ }^{(4)}$. . . us to the beach every day. He's only 16 , but a lot of kids ${ }^{(5)}$... their driving test at 16 in California. At the moment, Anna and ${ }^{(6)}$... in the garden. Anna has got her phone, but she ${ }^{(7)}$... with a friend. She ${ }^{(8)} \ldots$ a computer game. $\|^{(9)}$... in this garden. What ${ }^{(10)}$... this summer? Email me soon!
Bye for now,
Danielle

| A | B | C |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 stay | m staying | staying |
| 2 have | has | 'm having |
| 3 be | we be | being |
| 4 is driving | drives | drive |
| 5 take | are taking | takes |
| 6 sitting | sit | are sitting |
| 7 isn't chatting | doesn't chat | aren't chatting |
| 8 plays | 's playing | is play |
| 9 love relaxing | love relax | loving relax |
| 10 are you doing | do you do | are you |

Listen and check your answers.

## Cumulative Grammar

\section*{| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |}

(1) Circle the correct words to complete the dialogue.

## The school show

Grace Why ${ }^{(1)}$ do you talk /are you talkingto yourself?
Evie I'm not! $1^{(2)}$ practise / 'm practising for the school show on Saturday.
Grace Are you enjoying ${ }^{(3)}$ to act / acting in it?
Evie Yes,I ${ }^{(4)}$ do /am. It's a musical.
Grace What part are you playing?
Evie I'm Carmen. It's really fun. I really love ${ }^{(5)}$ singing / sing in front of everyone.
Grace You're very confident! $I^{(6)}$ always feel / feel always shy when people are watching me.
Evie Do you like musicals?
Grace $\left.\right|^{(7)}$ go hardly ever / hardly ever go to them because I always ${ }^{(8)}$ am falling / fall asleep in them! But I want to see you as Carmen. Hey! What's that noise? ${ }^{(9)}$ Does your phone ring / Is your phone ringing?


Evie Yes, it ${ }^{(10)}$ rings / is.
Grace Maybe it's Tim Burton. He wants you in his next film!

## (i) AllCleart

In the UK, teenagers and young adults enjoy going to the cinema more than other age groups. People aged 15 to 24 buy about 61 million cinema tickets a year!

## May Progiress

Tick $(\mathcal{V})$ the boxes to evaluate your progress.


I can use the present simple to talk about habits and routines.

I can use adverbs of frequency to say how often things happen.

I can use the present continuous to talk about actions in progress in the present.
I can use gerunds to talk about preferences.

## Unit 1 Grammar Reference

## Present simple /

Теперішній простий час

| Стверджувальні речення | She plays. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Заперечувальні речення | We don't play. |
| Питальні речення | Do you play ...? |
| Короткі відповіді | Yes, I do. |

- теперішній простий час використовуємо, говорячи про звички та дії, що виконуються регулярно
- щоб утворити теперішній простий час, використовуємо основну форму дієслова (напр. play, watch). Додаємо -s або -еs до дієслова з he, she або it
They play football. (Вони грають у футбол.) She plays tennis. (Вона грає в теніс.)
- заперечення утворюємо за допомогою do not (don't) + дієслово. Використовуємо does not (doesn't) + дієслово (без -s або -еs) з he, she або it They do not (don't) play football. (Вони не грають у футбол.) She does not (doesn't) play tennis.
(Вона не грає в теніс.)
- do / does ставимо перед підметом в питаннях.

Для коротких відповідей використовуємо do /
don't або does / doesn't без дієслова
Do you play football?
(Чи ти граєш у футбол?)
Yes, I do. No, I don't.
(Так, граю. Ні, не граю.)

## Adverbs of frequency / Прислівники частоти

| $0 \%$ |  |  |  | $100 \%$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| never | hardly <br> ever | sometimes | often | usually | always |

- прислівники частоти ставляться перед

дієсловом, але після дієслова to be
I always drive a car.
(Я завжди їжджу на машині.)
They are sometimes happy.
(Вони деколи щасливі.)

## Present continuous / Теперішній тривалий час

| Стверджувальні речення | She's drawing. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Заперечувальні речення | We aren't drawing. |
| Питальні речення | Are you drawing? |
| Короткі відповіді | Yes, I am. |

- теперішній тривалий час використовуємо, щоб описувати те, що відбувається у даний момент Karen is learning French. (Карен вчить французьку.)
- теперішній тривалий час утворюємо, використовуючи be + дієслово + -ing I'm watching TV now. (Я зараз дивлюсь телевізор.)
- заперечну форму теперішнього тривалого часу утворюємо, використовуючи not They aren't relaxing. (Вони не відпочивають.)
- питальні речення утворюємо, використовуючи be + підмет + verb -ing, у коротких відповідях використовуємо to be, не -ing Is she playing tennis? (Чи вона грає в теніс?) Yes, she is. No, she isn't. (Так, грає. Ні, не грає.)


## Time Expressions /

## Прислівники частоти

- в теперішньому простому і тривалому часах прислівники частоти (напр. once a week, every day, now) зазвичай ставляться в кінці фрази, але вони також можуть знаходитися на початку He plays tennis twice a week. (Він грає в теніс двічі на тиждень.) On Mondays I do voluntary work. (Щопонеділка я виконую волонтерську роботу.) I'm watching TV at the moment.
(Я дивлюсь телевізор в даний момент.)


## Gerund / Герундій

- герундій (-ing форму) використовуємо після дієслів, які означають, що щось подобається або не подобається, а також після прийменників
l love playing football.
(Я люблю грати у футбол.)
She's good at learning languages.
(Їй легко даються мови.)


## Grammar Practice

## Present simple

1 Complete the sentences with the present simple form of the verbs in brackets.

Leo $\qquad$ watches (watch) the news at 10 pm .
1 My father $\qquad$ (relax) at the weekend.
2 Emma $\qquad$ (do) voluntary work.

3 I $\qquad$ (not eat) meat.
4 Her friend $\qquad$ (not speak) English.

2 Write questions using the present simple.
Sara's parents / work / in a school?
Do Sara's parents work in a school?
1 you and Tom / like / football?

2 Eduardo / draw / cartoons?

3 your grandparents / play / computer games?

4 your mum / speak / French?

3 Write short answers for the questions in exercise 2.
$(\checkmark)$ Yes, they do.
$1(\checkmark)$ $\qquad$
2 (X) $\qquad$
3 (X)
$4(\sqrt{ })$ $\qquad$

## Adverbs of frequency

Rewrite the sentences using the adverbs of frequency in brackets.

You play tennis after school. (often)
You often play tennis after school.
1 I walk to school. (always)

2 They go to a youth centre. (hardly ever)

3
Clara is unsociable. (sometimes)

4 We chat online. (usually)

## Present continuous and time expressions

5 Circle the correct words.
They is /aredriving to the cinema.
1 She 'm / 's listening to music now.
2 You are / am playing the violin.
3 At the moment Joe am / is sleeping.
4 I's / 'm having lunch right now.
5 Max and I am / are doing our homework.
6 Rewrite the sentences in exercise 5 using the negative form of the verbs.

They aren't driving to the cinema.
1
2
3
4
5
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

7 Complete the sentences.
'Are $\qquad$ having a good time?'
'Yes, I am.'
1 'Is he watching a DVD?'
'No, he $\qquad$ .
2 'Are your parents chatting?' 'Yes, $\qquad$ are.'

3 ' $\qquad$ Rosie swimming?' 'Yes, she is.'

4 'Are you enjoying the film?' 'No, I'm $\qquad$ .'
5 ' $\qquad$ you and Carl relaxing?'
'Yes, we are.'

## Gerunds

8 Write the gerund (-ing form) of the verbs.

|  | play | playing |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | make |  |
| 2 | learn |  |
| 3 | draw |  |
| 4 | go |  |
| 5 | chat |  |

## Unit 1 Vocabulary Reference

## Free-time activities



## Character adjectives



1 Order the letters to make words. Then follow the lines and complete the sentences.
1 Josh usually does $\qquad$ and makes

2 Lauren often goes $\qquad$ and goes
$\qquad$ .
$\qquad$ and
3 Bella sometimes plays plays $\qquad$ .

4 George always draws $\qquad$ and goes $\qquad$ .

2 Find 12 character adjectives in the wordsquare.

| L | F | R | 1 | E | N | D | L | Y | F | F | D | A |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| S | H | G | E | N | E | R | O | U | S | U | 1 | D |
| T | H | Y | N | Y | S | S | E | L | F | 1 | S | H |
| A | D | V | E | N | T | U | R | O | U | S | H | O |
| L | A | U | R | I | O | U | S | U | N | B | O | N |
| K | U | T | G | E | L | F | 1 | S | N | H | N | E |
| A | E | O | E | E | A | T | S | H | Y | O | E | S |
| T | N | G | T | E | Z | M | M | V | O | E | S | T |
| I | H | Y | 1 | E | Y | 0 | M | R | M | 0 | T | U |
| V | F | I | C | 0 | N | F | 1 | D | E | N | T | E |
| E | U | N | S | 0 | C | I | A | B | L | E | 0 | S |

## Reading

## British sporting events: The Boat Race

Every year, in spring, there is a famous boat race on the river Thames in London. About 250,000 people go to the river and watch it. Millions of people around the world watch it on TV. The Boat Race is sometimes called the Oxford and Cambridge Boat Race and it's a rowing race between the universities of Oxford and Cambridge. The rowers travel 6.8 kilometres and the race usually takes between 16 and 20 minutes.

There are eight rowers in each boat and they're all big, heavy
 men. There's also a cox in the boat, who doesn't row. The cox must be a very light person, so it's sometimes a woman. She sits at the back of the boat and steers it. She also shouts at the rowers to make them go faster. All the people in the crews, or rowing teams, are students at the universities. The Cambridge crew wear light blue and the Oxford crew wear dark blue.
Although the Boat Race is a famous British sporting event, a lot of the rowers are not British. In 2014, for example, many rowers were from other countries including the USA, Germany and Australia.

Why are people interested in a race between two university boat crews? People like it because it's free. You don't need a ticket. And it's a fun day out near the river. People also like it because it's a very old tradition. The first Oxford and Cambridge Boat Race began on the Thames near Oxford in 1829.

1 Read the text and answer the questions.

## 1 Where is the Boat Race? <br> 2 What colours do the two teams wear? <br> 2) Read again and listen. Circle T (true) or F (false).

The Boat Race is in the summer.
1 You can watch the Boat Race on TV.
T/F
2 There are no women rowers.
T/F
3 Only British rowers take part.
T/F
4 You don't pay to watch the Boat Race. T / F
5 The first Boat Race was in 1929. T/F

3 Answer the questions.
1 How many people go to the river to watch the Boat Race?

2 How far do the rowers row in the race?

3 How long does the race usually take?

4 What does the cox do?

## Listening

## 4) Listen to the interview and circle T (true) or F (false).

Caleb is from Wootten, near London.
1 Caleb's favourite free-time activity is rowing.

T/F

2 He gets up at seven o'clock on rowing
days.
3 He likes rowing because it's exciting. ..... T/F
4 He doesn't like getting up early. ..... T/F

## Unit 1 Writing Guide

## Text type: A personal profile

## TASK Write a personal profile. Follow the steps below.

## 1 READ THE MODDEL TEXT

1 Read the Model Text. What are the negative things about Katie?

## My Best Friend by Naomi

My best friend is Katie. She's 15 years old and she's tall with brown eyes and long, dark hair. We chat online every day and I usually go to her flat after school. We like talking about films and clothes. We love listening to music on her smartphone. The Arctic Monkeys are our favourite group. Katie is friendly, funny and energetic. She's very good at maths, art and music. She loves drawing and painting. At the moment, she's painting trees and flowers on the walls of her room. I enjoy spending time with her. We often do our homework together. When I have a problem with maths, she helps me. But Katie isn't perfect. She is sometimes lazy and she doesn't like cleaning or washing up. Her room is always untidy, too. But I think Katie is great. I'm never bored when I'm with her.


2 Read the Model Text again. Tick ( $\sqrt{ }$ ) the things Katie likes doing.
talking about clothes
1 talking about films
2 talking about trees
3 drawing
4 listening to music


3 Answer the questions.
How old is Katie?
1 Where do Katie and Naomi usually go after school? $\qquad$
2 What are the positive things about Katie?
3 What is Katie good at?
4 What is Katie doing at the moment?
5 What do Katie and Naomi enjoy doing together?

## 2 PLAN YOUR TEXT

Think of your best friend. Answer the questions and make notes.


Now use the information from your notes to complete the personal profile.
1 My best friend is ${ }^{(1)}$ $\qquad$ . He's / She's ${ }^{(2)}$ $\qquad$ and he's / she's (3) $\qquad$ .We see each other ${ }^{(4)}$ $\qquad$ .
We like ${ }^{(5)}$ $\qquad$ .

2 My best friend is ${ }^{(6)}$ $\qquad$ . He's / She's good at ${ }^{(7)}$ $\qquad$ .
He / She loves ${ }^{(8)}$ $\qquad$ . At the moment, he / she ${ }^{(9)}$ $\qquad$ _.

3 But my best friend isn't perfect. He / She ${ }^{(10)}$ $\qquad$ . But I think my best friend is great.

## 3 WRITE YOUR TEXTT

Write your personal profile.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## 4 CHECK Y(DUR 'TEX'T

## Check your:

$\square$ Grammar $\square$ Vocabulary $\square$ Spelling

## Unit 1 Speaking: Describing people and activities



## Speaking guide

1 Look at photo 1 and answer the questions.
1 Where are the people?
2 What are they doing?
3 How do you think the people feel?
2 Look at photo 2 and describe what the people are doing and what they are like. Use the Useful Vocabulary and Useful Phrases.

I think the people are ...
Ithink they're...
They're...
They aren't ...

## Useful Phrases

I think they're at home / at a youth centre ...
They're eating / chatting ...
They're / He's / She's confident / friendly ...
They aren't / He isn't / She isn't unsociable / lazy ...

## Useful Vocabulary

adventurous • chat • confident •
do voluntary work • eat • energetic •
friendly • funny • go out for a meal • lazy • quiet • relax • serious • talkative

